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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/668,864	09/25/2000	Ridha Radhouane		2783	
75	90 03/28/2002				
Ridha Radhouane			EXAMINER		
6415 Montego Ct San Jose, CA 95120			KOVAL, M	KOVAL, MELISSA J	
	•		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2851		
		DATE MAILED: 03/28/2002			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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· ·		Application No.		Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		09/668,864		RADHOUANE, RIDHA				
		Examiner		Art Unit				
		Melissa Kova		2851				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).								
Status 1)□	Responsive to communication(s) filed on		·					
2a)□								
3)	, _							
Disposition of Claims								
4)🖂	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-7</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
6)⊠	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3,6 and 7</u> is/are rejected.							
7)⊠	Claim(s) 4 and 5 is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.								
Applicati	on Papers							
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.								
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.								
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	e drawing(s) be	e held in abeyance. Se	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) □ approved b) □ disapproved by the Examiner.								
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.								
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.								
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120								
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).								
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:								
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.								
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No								
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 								
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).								
 a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121. 								
Attachment(s)								
2) Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5		(PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

Priority

Applicant's claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. 119(e) is acknowledged. However, the provisional application upon which priority is claimed fails to provide adequate support under 35 U.S.C. 112 for claims 1-7 of this application. The specification found in provisional application 60/158060 is substantially different from that filed in the United States Patent Application Serial No. 09/668,864.

Specification

Applicant is reminded of the proper content of an abstract of the disclosure.

A patent abstract is a concise statement of the technical disclosure of the patent and should include that which is new in the art to which the invention pertains. If the patent is of a basic nature, the entire technical disclosure may be new in the art, and the abstract should be directed to the entire disclosure. If the patent is in the nature of an improvement in an old apparatus, process, product, or composition, the abstract should include the technical disclosure of the improvement. In certain patents, particularly those for compounds and compositions, wherein the process for making and/or the use thereof are not obvious, the abstract should set forth a process for making and/or use thereof. If the new technical disclosure involves modifications or alternatives, the abstract should mention by way of example the preferred modification or alternative.

The abstract should not refer to purported merits or speculative applications of the invention and should not compare the invention with the prior art.

Where applicable, the abstract should include the following:

- (1) if a machine or apparatus, its organization and operation;
- (2) if an article, its method of making;
- (3) if a chemical compound, its identity and use;
- (4) if a mixture, its ingredients;
- (5) if a process, the steps.

Extensive mechanical and design details of apparatus should not be given.

Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure.

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The abstract should be in narrative form and generally limited to a single paragraph on a separate sheet within the range of 50 to 150 words. It is important that the abstract not exceed 150 words in length since the space provided for the abstract on the computer tape used by the printer is limited. The form and legal phraseology often used in patent claims, such as "means" and "said," should be avoided. The abstract should describe the disclosure sufficiently to assist readers in deciding whether there is a need for consulting the full patent text for details.

The language should be clear and concise and should not repeat information given in the title. It should avoid using phrases which can be implied, such as, "The disclosure concerns," "The disclosure defined by this invention," "The disclosure describes," etc.

The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because the Abstract does not appear on a separate page. Also note that the Abstract contains both grammatical and spelling errors. Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).

The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: the specification is replete with grammatical and spelling errors. Refer to page 4, line 3, for example.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Objections

Claims 4 and 5 are objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c) as being in improper form because a multiple dependent claim cannot include the word "and" such as in the phrase "A method as recited in claims 1 and 2". See MPEP § 608.01(n). Accordingly, the claims have not been further treated on the merits.

-All of the claims include spelling and grammatical errors.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention.

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-3, 6 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 1 recites the limitation "the video projector settings" in line 1. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. In line 2 of claim 1, "and others..." further renders renders the claim indefinite.

Regarding claim 2, the phrase "for example" renders the claim indefinite because it is unclear whether the limitation(s) following the phrase are part of the claimed invention. See MPEP § 2173.05(d). Also in claim 2, the phrase "the video projector adjustments" lacks proper antecedent basis.

In claim 3, the following phrases lack proper antecedent basis "the video projector", "the video projection screen", "the video signal", and "the auto-adjustment

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function". The phrase "for any function other than the auto-adjustment function" further renders the claim indefinite.

Claims 6 and 7 suffer from a multiplicity of the same problems already described above.

The claims, if amended, may read on the art cited below.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Furuhata U.S. Patent 6,345,897 B1 teaches a projection display device and remote controller.

Miyashita U.S. Patent 6,186,630 B1 teaches an image projection system and a method of controlling a projection pointer.

Heimbuch et al. U.S. Patent 6,246,446 B1 teaches an auto focus system for a SLM based image display system.

Inoue et al. U.S. Patent 5,532,765 teaches an image correction apparatus using a displayed test signal.

Lin U.S. Patent 6,346,933 B1 teaches an interactive display presentation system.

Fu et al. U.S. Patent 6, 292, 171 B1 teaches a method and apparatus for calibrating computer generated projected image.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Melissa Koval whose telephone number is (703) 308-4801. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Russell Adams can be reached on Monday through Thursday at (703) 308-2847. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 305-34[31,32] for regular communications and (703) 308-7382 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956.

MJK March 21, 2002 SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800